

Collision frequency

Calculate ν_{ii}/ν_{ei} for $T_i = 4T_e$ and $m_i = 100m_e$

a) 160

b) 1/4

c) 1/40

d) 1/80

Moments

Which of the following is the fluid velocity \mathbf{U}_s ?

a) $\int d^3\mathbf{v} (\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{U}_s)(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{U}_s) f_s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}, t)$

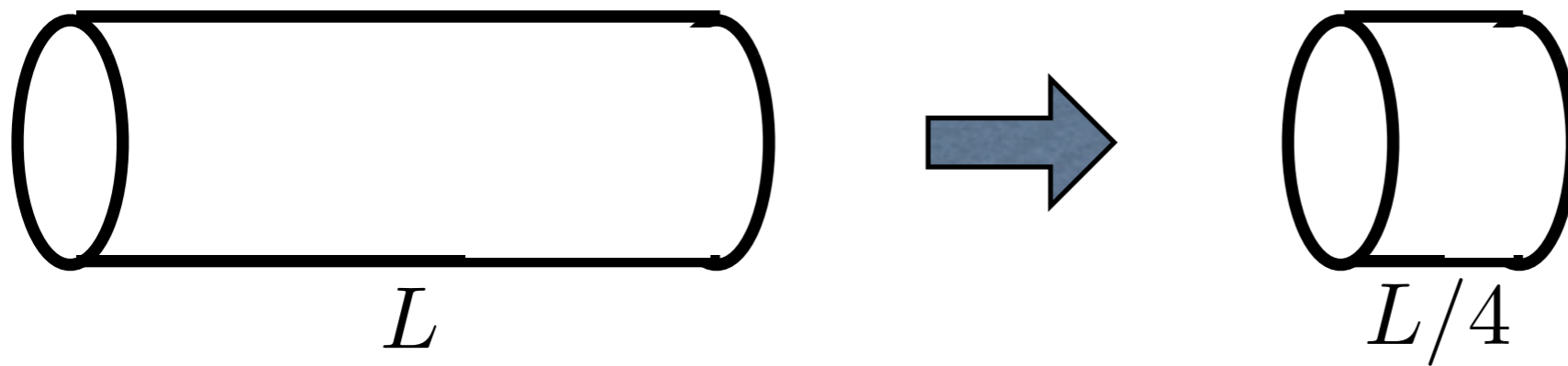
b) $\frac{\int d^3\mathbf{v} \mathbf{v} f_s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}, t)}{\int d^3\mathbf{v} f_s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}, t)}$

c) $\frac{\int d^3\mathbf{v} \frac{mv^2}{2} f_s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}, t)}{\int d^3\mathbf{v} f_s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}, t)}$

d) $\int d^3\mathbf{v} \mathbf{v} f_s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}, t)$

Compression of Plasma

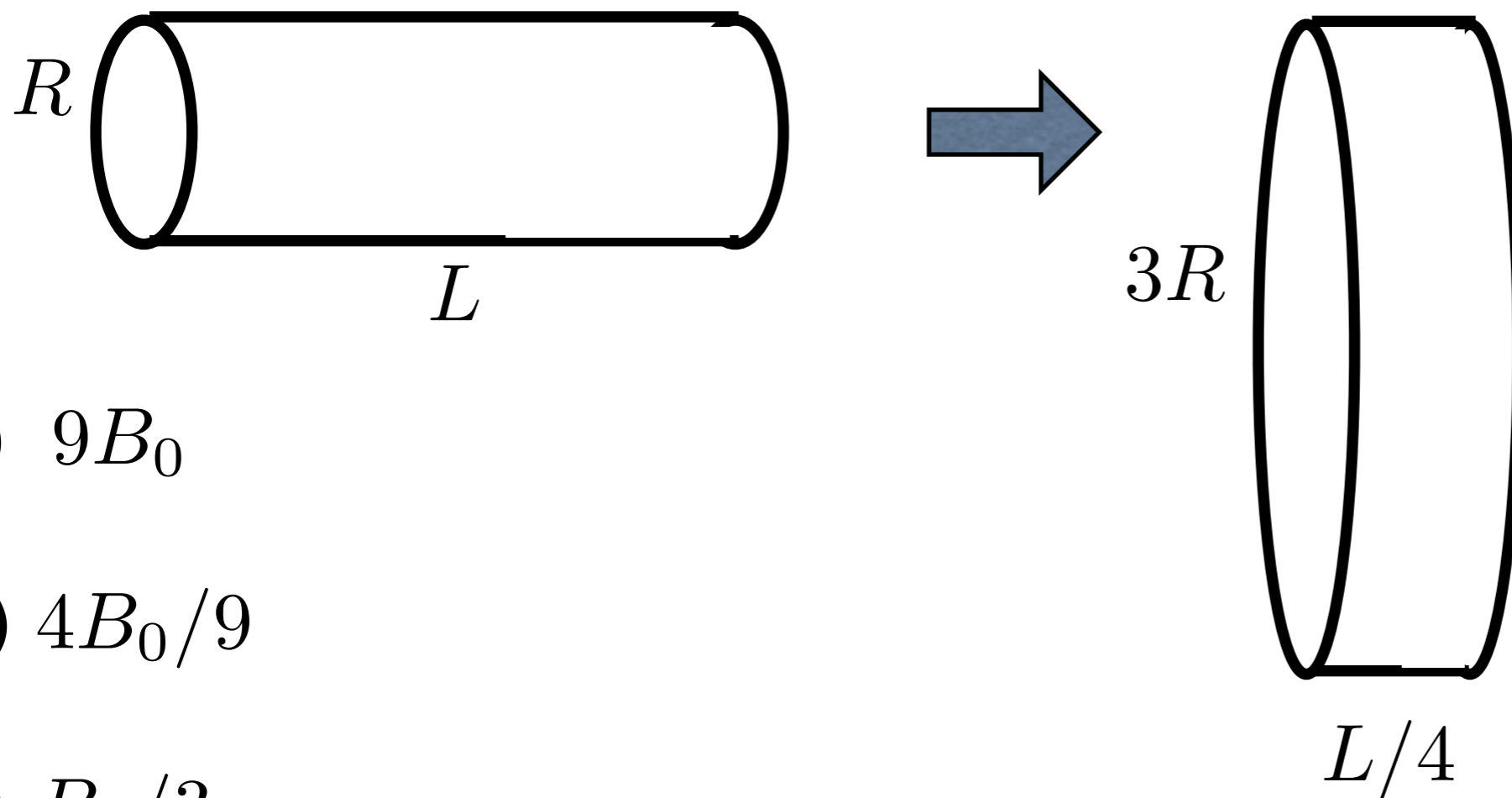
Consider a cylindrical volume of plasma threaded by a uniform axial magnetic field B_0 . What is the magnetic field if the plasma is compressed as follows:



- a) $16B_0$
- b) $4B_0$
- c) B_0
- d) $B_0/4$

Changes of Plasma Volume

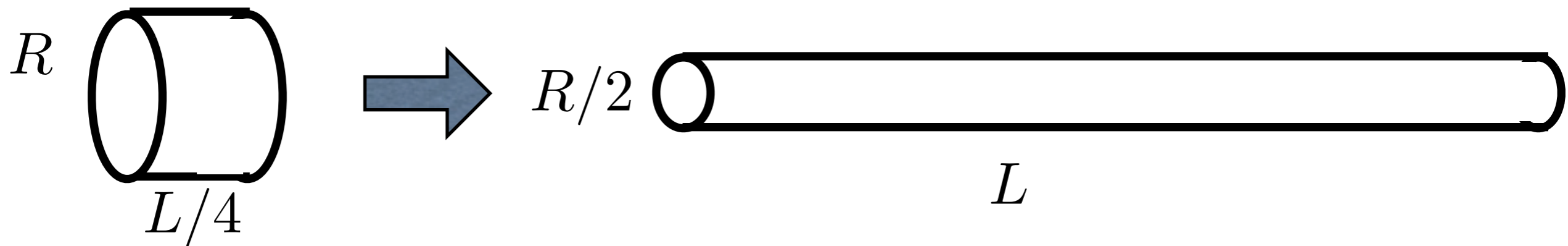
Consider a cylindrical volume of plasma threaded by a uniform axial magnetic field B_0 . What is the magnetic field if the plasma is changed as follows:



- a) $9B_0$
- b) $4B_0/9$
- c) $B_0/3$
- d) $B_0/9$

Changes of Plasma Volume

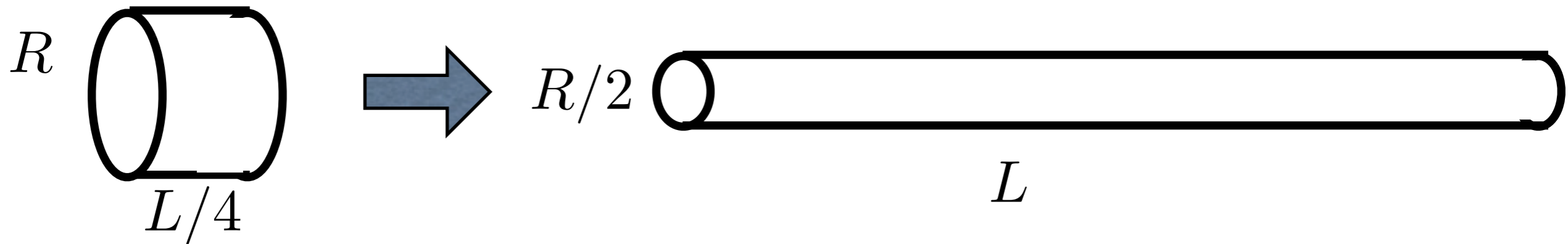
Consider a cylindrical volume of plasma threaded by a uniform axial magnetic field B_0 with a temperature T_0 . If the plasma is strongly collisional, what is the temperature after this plasma is changed as follows?



- a) $T_0/8$
- b) $T_0/2$
- c) T_0
- d) $4T_0$

Changes of Plasma Volume

Consider a cylindrical volume of plasma threaded by a uniform axial magnetic field B_0 . If the plasma is collisionless with initial temperatures, $T_{\perp} = T_{\parallel} = T_0$, what are the final temperatures?



a) $T_{\perp} = 4T_0, \quad T_{\parallel} = T_0/16$

b) $T_{\perp} = 2T_0, \quad T_{\parallel} = T_0/4$

c) $T_{\perp} = T_0, \quad T_{\parallel} = T_0$

d) $T_{\perp} = T_0/4, \quad T_{\parallel} = 4T_0$

Polar Plot of MHD Wave Velocities

Which of the following can be deduced from this polar plot of the Fast, Alfvén, and Slow wave velocities?

- a) $c_s > v_A$
- b) $c_s = v_A$
- c) $c_s < v_A$
- d) Cannot be determined

