

SOUND WAVE - example problems. ①

1. What is the sound speed in argon ($m = 40u$) at $T = 100K$?

$$v_s = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma kT}{m}}, \quad \gamma = 5/3 \text{ for Ar.}$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{(5/3)(1.38 \times 10^{-23}) \times 100}{40 \times 1.66 \times 10^{-27}}} = 186 \text{ m/s}$$

2. An explosion (point source of sound) produces 10^5 W of sound energy per sec. What is the sound intensity and sound intensity level at a distance of 1 km from this explosion?

$$I = \frac{P_0}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{10^5 \text{ W}}{4\pi (10^3 \text{ m})^2} \approx 8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\beta = 10 \text{ dB} \log_{10} (I/I_0)$$

$$= 10 \text{ dB} \log_{10} \left(\frac{8 \times 10^{-7}}{1 \times 10^{-12}} \right) = 10 \times 19.9 \text{ dB}$$

$$\approx 200 \text{ dB}$$

3. The sound intensity at a distance of 1m from a sound source is 1000 W/m^2 . What is the difference in sound intensity levels at 1m from the source compared to the value at 5m from the source?

$$I_1 = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2 \quad @ \quad r = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$I_2 = ? \quad @ \quad r = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{I_2}{I_1} = \left(\frac{r_1}{r_2} \right)^2$$

$$I_2 = \left(\frac{r_1}{r_2} \right)^2 \cdot I_1 = \left(\frac{1}{5} \right)^2 \times 1000$$

$$I_2 = \frac{1000}{25} = 40 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\beta_1 = 10 \log (I_1 / I_0)$$

$$\beta_2 = 10 \log (I_2 / I_0)$$

$$\beta_2 - \beta_1 = 10 \log (I_2 / I_0) - 10 \log (I_1 / I_0)$$

$$= 10 \log (I_2 / I_1) = 10 \log \left(\frac{40}{1000} \right)$$

$$= -14 \text{ dB}$$