

System A

System B

$$Q_{A,out} = Q_{B,in}$$

heat leaving A equals
heat entering B

defined as
heat IN

$$dS_A = \frac{Q_A}{T_A} = \frac{-Q_{A,out}}{T_A} \neq dS_B = \frac{Q_{B,in}}{T_B}$$

assume $T_A > T_B$

negative, but
smaller in magnitude . . . than this

$$dS = dS_A + dS_B > 0 \quad \text{irreversible spontaneous}$$

$$\frac{1}{T} = \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial U} \right)_{V, N}$$

No work, no particles exchanged

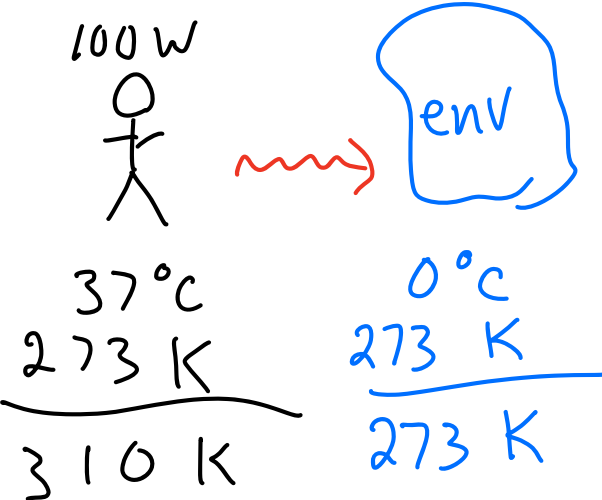
of system \curvearrowright

$$dS = \frac{dQ}{T}$$

into system \downarrow

of system \curvearrowleft

All quantities INTO or OF system



into environment \swarrow

$$\frac{dS_{env}}{dt} = \frac{+100W}{273 K} = 0.3663 \frac{J/K}{s}$$

Environment so big T_{env} doesn't change

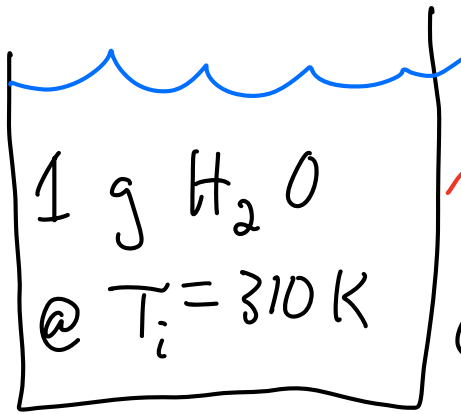


$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dS_{universe}}{dt} &= 0.3663 - 0.3226 \frac{J/K}{s} \\ &= +0.0437 \frac{J/K}{s} \end{aligned}$$

lost by body \swarrow

$$\frac{dS_{body}}{dt} = -\frac{100W}{310 K} = -0.3226 \frac{J/K}{s}$$

$$\frac{dS_{body}}{dt} = \frac{dQ/T}{dt}$$



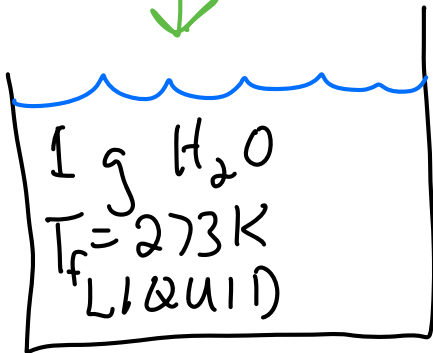
Environment
at T_{env} = 0°C

$$C = \frac{1 \text{ cal}}{^\circ\text{C}} = \frac{1 \text{ cal}}{\text{K}} = \frac{4.184 \text{ J}}{\text{K}}$$

$$dS_w = \frac{dQ}{T}$$

$$dQ = C dT$$

a few
moments later...



$$T = 273 \text{ K} \quad 273 \text{ K}$$

$$\int_{T=310 \text{ K}}^{T=273 \text{ K}} dS_w = \int_{310 \text{ K}}^{273 \text{ K}} C \frac{dT}{T} = C \ln \frac{273}{310}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = -0.5318 \text{ J/K}$$

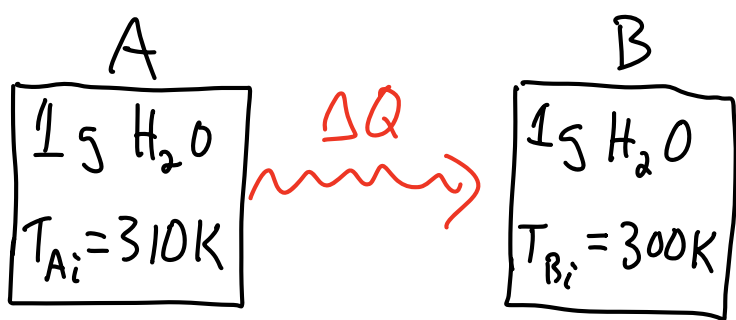
$$\Delta S_{\text{univ}} = (0.5671 - 0.5318) \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} = +0.0353 \text{ J/K}$$

Environment: $dS_{\text{env}} = dQ/T$

$$\int_{\text{init}}^{\text{final}} dS_{\text{env}} = \int_{\text{init}}^{\text{final}} \frac{dQ}{T} = \frac{1}{T_{\text{env}}} \int_{\text{init}}^{\text{final}} dQ = \frac{1}{273 \text{ K}} Q_{\text{lost by water}}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{env}} = +0.5671 \text{ J/K}$$

$$= \frac{1}{273 \text{ K}} \times 4.184 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} \times (310 \text{ K} - 273 \text{ K})$$



lost by A

gained by B

$$-\Delta Q_A = -C_A \Delta T_A = \Delta Q_B = C_B \Delta T_B$$

$$-C_A (T_f - T_{Ai}) = C_B (T_f - T_{Bi})$$

$$-C_A T_f + C_A T_{Ai} = C_B T_f - C_B T_{Bi}$$

$$(C_A + C_B) T_f = C_B T_{Bi} + C_A T_{Ai}$$

$$T_f = \frac{C_B T_{Bi} + C_A T_{Ai}}{C_A + C_B}$$

$$= \frac{T_{Bi} + T_{Ai}}{2} = 305 \text{ K}$$

ΔS_A

$$\Delta S_A = \int_{T_A = T_{Ai}}^{T = T_f} \frac{dQ}{T_A} = \int_{310 \text{ K}}^{305 \text{ K}} \frac{C_A dT_A}{T_A}$$

$$= C_A \ln \frac{305}{310} = -0.0680 \text{ J/K}$$

$$\Delta S_B = \int_{T_B = T_{Bi}}^{T = T_f} \frac{dQ}{T_B} = \int_{300 \text{ K}}^{305 \text{ K}} \frac{C_B dT_B}{T_B}$$

$$= C_B \ln \frac{305}{300} = +0.0692 \text{ J/K}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{univ}} = \Delta S_A + \Delta S_B = 0.0011 \text{ J/K}$$