

$$1. \langle v \rangle = \Delta x / \Delta t = \boxed{0}$$

2. Bird from top accelerates down, so it wins.

$$3. v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a \Delta x$$
$$10^2 = 0 + 2 \cdot 5 \cdot \Delta x$$

$$100 = 10 \Delta x$$

$$\boxed{\Delta x = 10 \text{ m}}$$

$$4. v^2 = v_x^2 + v_y^2$$
$$= 4^2 + 3^2$$
$$= 16 + 9$$

$$= 25$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v = 5 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$5. v_{\text{rel}} = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$$
$$= \Delta x / \Delta t$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta t = v_{\text{rel}} / \Delta x$$
$$= 10 \text{ s}$$

In 10 s, Rover runs

$$\Delta x_R = v_R \cdot t$$
$$= 5 \cdot 10$$
$$= \boxed{50 \text{ m}}$$

$$b. t = \Delta x / v_x$$

$$\Delta y = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \\ = \frac{1}{2} g \left( \frac{\Delta x}{v_x} \right)^2$$

to cut  $\Delta y$  by  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$   
cut  $\Delta x$  by  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$   
or  $\Delta x$  by  $\sqrt{2}$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{L / \sqrt{2}}$$

$$7. F = m a \\ = 50 \text{ kg} \cdot 4 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ = \boxed{200 \text{ N}}$$

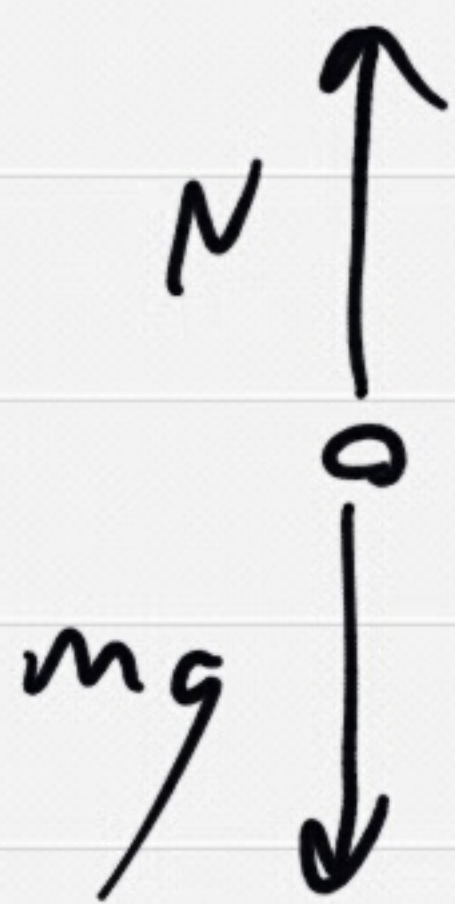
8.  $F_{\text{ext}} \cos \theta$  balances  $F_f$   
 $F_{\text{ext}} \sin \theta + N$  balance  $mg$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\begin{array}{l} F_{\text{ext}} > F_f \\ N < mg \end{array}}$$

$$9. \quad F_{AV} = 300 \text{ N}$$
$$F_{VA} = -300 \text{ N}$$

$$a_A = F_{AV}/m_A = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$$
$$a_V = F_{VA}/m_V = -3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

10.



$$N - mg = mv^2/r = F_c$$

$$N > mg$$

$$11. \quad F_f = F_c = mv^2/r$$
$$= 100 \cdot 2^2$$
$$= 400 \text{ N}$$

12.



13.

$$W = \Delta KE$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_0^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(1)(2)^2$$

$$= \boxed{2 \text{ J}}$$

14.

Saul does  $+W$  on cart  
so cart does  $-W$  on Saul  
by Newton's 3rd

15.

$$v_{ye} = v_0 \sin 30^\circ$$

$$= 8 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 4 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv_{ye}^2 = mgh$$

$$\frac{v_{ye}^2}{2} = gh$$

$$h = \frac{v_{ye}^2}{2g} = \frac{4^2}{2 \cdot 10}$$

$$= \frac{16}{20} = \boxed{0.8}$$