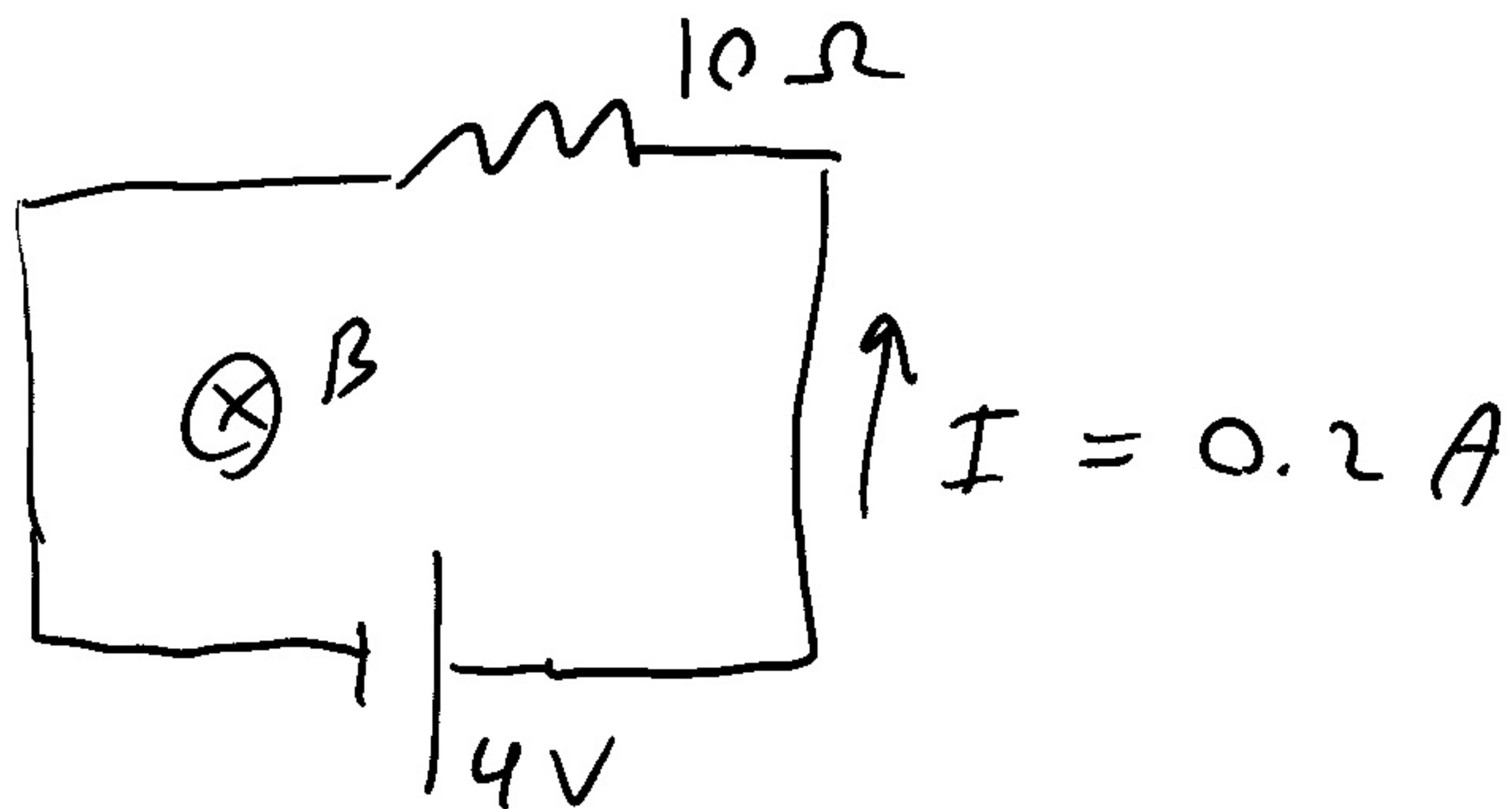


Q1.



$$I = (4 + \mathcal{E}) / 10 = 0.2$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} = -2V \text{ CW}$$

$$= -d\Phi_B / dt = -d/dt (B \cdot L^2)$$

$$= -L^2 dB / dt$$

$$\Rightarrow dB / dt = 2 / L^2$$

B decreasing

Q2: source term involving magnetic monopole "charge" in eq. II

source term involving motion of monopoles in eq. III

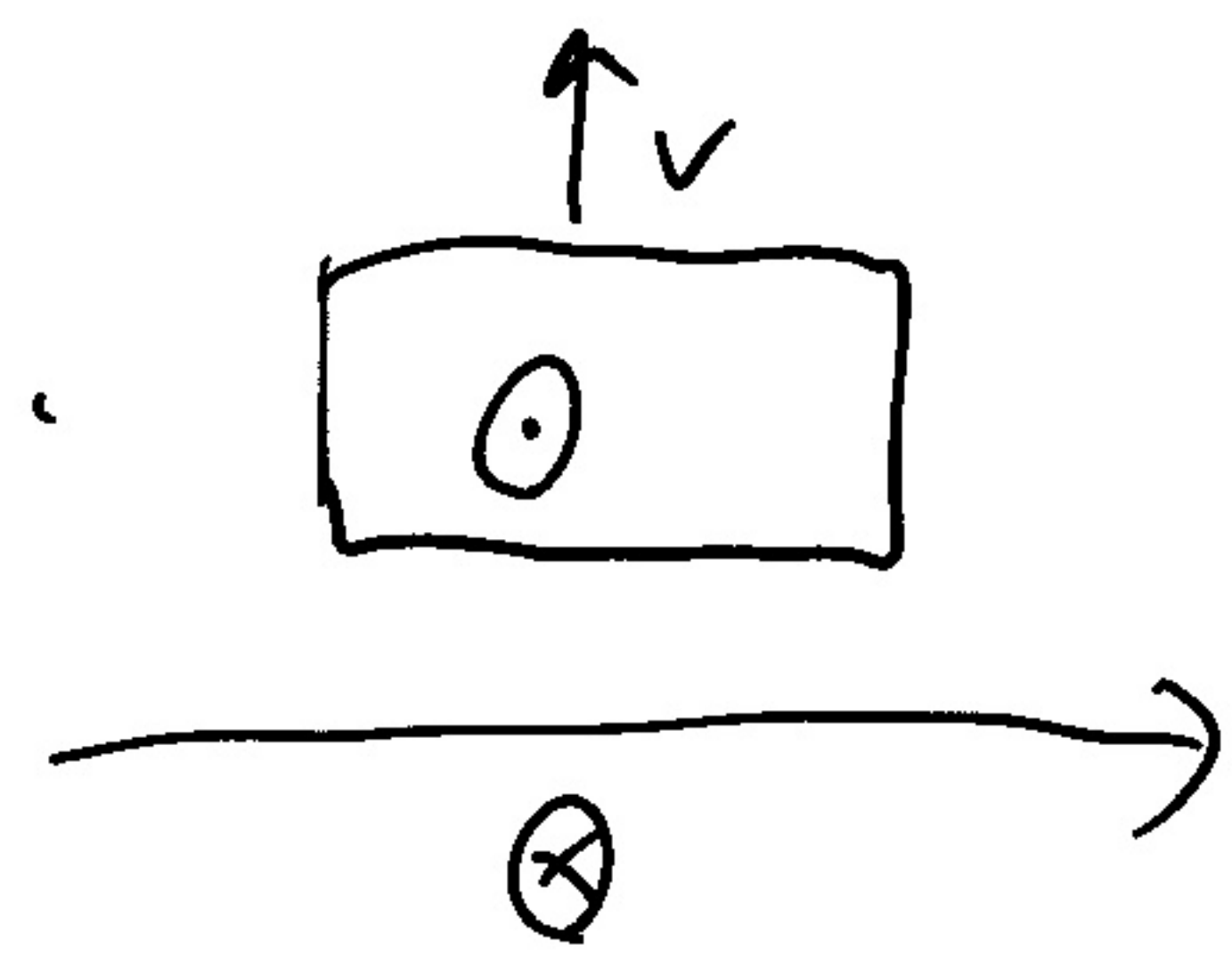
Q3. a.  $V_R = V_L = V_C = \epsilon_m \sin \omega t$

b.  $I_R = V_R/R = \epsilon_m/R \sin \omega t$

c.  $V_L = L \frac{dI}{dt}$   
 $\Rightarrow I_L = -\frac{\epsilon_m}{\omega L} \cos \omega t$   
 $= -\epsilon_m/X_L \cos \omega t$

d.  $V_C = Q/C$   
 $\Rightarrow Q = C \epsilon_m \sin \omega t$   
 $\Rightarrow I_C = \omega C \epsilon_m \cos \omega t$   
 $= \epsilon_m/X_C \cos \omega t$

e.  $I_s = I_R + I_L + I_C$   
 $I_m \sin(\omega t - \phi) = \epsilon_m \left( \frac{1}{R} \sin \omega t + \frac{1}{X_C} \cos \omega t - \frac{1}{X_L} \cos \omega t \right)$

Q4. a.   $\phi_0 = \int \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{A}$   
 decreasing  
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{E}$  CCW  
 to oppose change

b.  $F = I \vec{L} \times \vec{B}$



Net force pulls loop back toward wire.

Q 5.



①  $t = 0$

$$V_R = 0$$

$$V_C = 0$$

$$V_L = \epsilon$$

All voltage across  
inductor

②  $t = \infty$

$$V_R = 0$$

$$V_C = \epsilon$$

$$V_L = 0$$

All voltage across  
capacitor